

Diagnosing Stalled Warming in CMIP6 Models

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Supplemental Tables and Figures

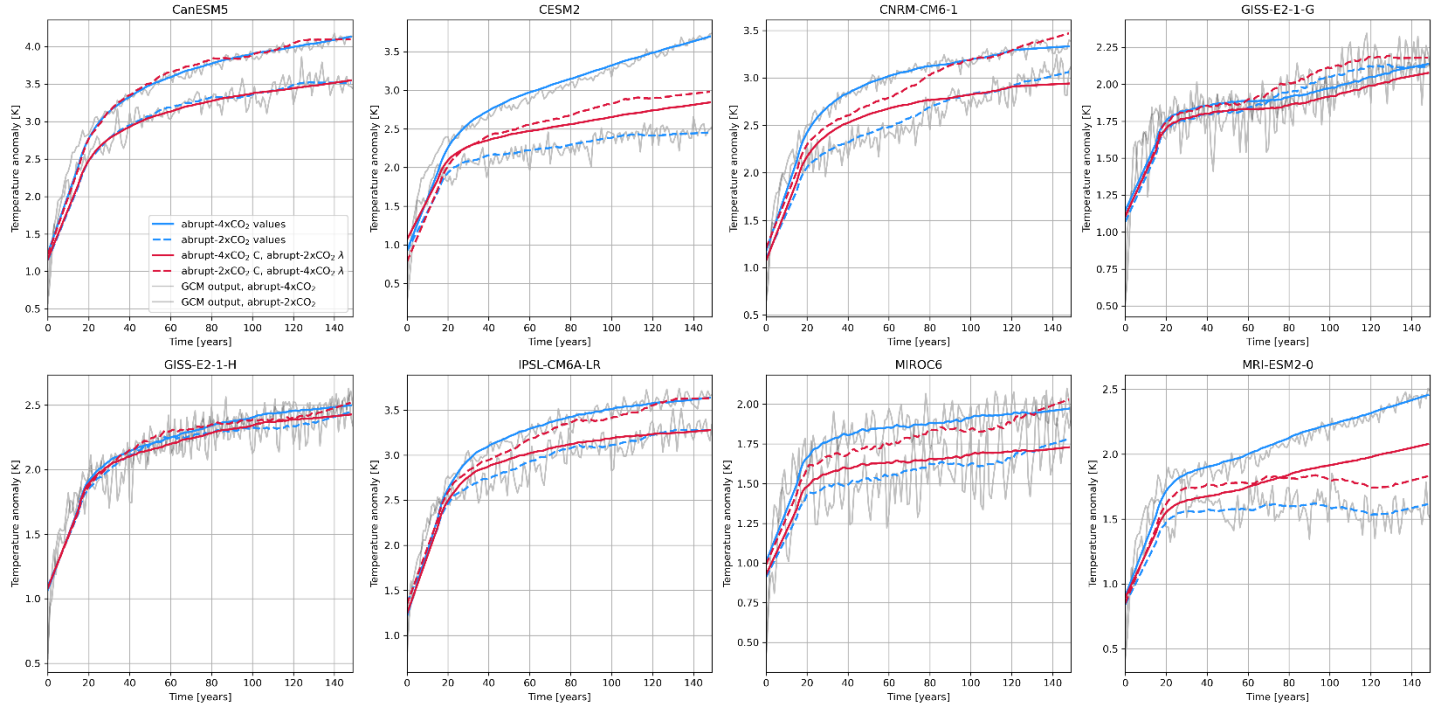


Figure S1: The annual, global mean surface temperature anomaly for each GCM (grey), and the EBM output for abrupt-4xCO₂ (blue, solid), abrupt-2xCO₂ (blue, dashed), the λ_{2x}/C_{4x} experiment (red, solid), and the λ_{4x}/C_{2x} experiment (red, dashed). Note, the abrupt-4xCO₂ values are divided by 2.

Model	Branch Point in Parent		Metadata		Variant	
	Abrupt-4xCO ₂	Abrupt-2xCO ₂	Unit	Parent	Abrupt-4xCO ₂	Abrupt-2xCO ₂
CanESM5	1223115	0	Days since 1850-01-01	PiControl	r1i1p1f1	r1i1p2f1
CESM2	182500	182500	Days since 0001-01-01	PiControl	r1i1p1f1	r1i1p1f1
CNRM-CM6-1	0	0	Days since 1850-01-01	PiControl	r1i1p1f2	r1i1p1f2
GISS-E2-1-G	0	0	Days since 4150-01-01	PiControl	r1i1p1f1	r1i1p1f1
GISS-E2-1-H	0	0	Days since 3180-01-01	PiControl	r1i1p1f1	r1i1p1f1
IPSL-CM6A-LR	7305	7305	Days since 1850-01-01	PiControl	r1i1p1f1	r1i1p1f1
MIROC6	0	0	Days since 3200-01-01	PiControl	r1i1p1f1	r1i1p1f1
MRI-ESM2-0	0	0	Days since 1850-01-01	PiControl	r1i1p1f1	r1i1p1f1

Table S1: The branch point for the abrupt-4xCO₂ and abrupt-2xCO₂ runs from the PiControl runs for each model.

	hfls	hfss	rlds	rlus	rlut	rlutes	rsds	rsdscs	rsdt	rsus	rsuscs	rsut	rsutes	rtmt
	Latent heat	Sensible heat	Surface downwelling longwave flux	Surface upwelling longwave flux	Top of atmosphere outgoing longwave flux	Top of atmosphere upwelling longwave flux, clear sky	Surface downwelling shortwave flux	Surface downwelling shortwave flux, clear sky	Top of atmosphere downwelling shortwave flux	Surface upwelling shortwave flux	Surface upwelling shortwave flux, clear sky	Top of atmosphere upwelling shortwave flux	Top of atmosphere upwelling shortwave flux, clear sky	Top of atmosphere net flux
Model														
CanESM5	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓
CESM2	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓
CNRM-CM6-1	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X
GISS-E2-1-G	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X
GISS-E2-1-H	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X
IPSL-CM6A-LR	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X
MIROC6	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓
MRI-ESM2-0	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X

Table S2a: The radiative variables used and available for each model in Abrupt-4xCO₂, Abrupt-2xCO₂, and piControl respectively, from the CMIP6 data repository.

	areacello*	clt	evspsbl	msftmz	msftyz	pr	psrn	tas	thetao
	Ocean cell area	Cloud area fraction		Ocean meridional overturning mass streamfunction	Ocean y overturning mass streamfunction	Precipitation flux	Snow melt flux	Near surface air temperature	Sea water potential temperature
Model									
CanESM5	✓	✓✓✓	X X X	✓✓✓	X X X	✓✓✓	X X X	✓✓✓	✓✓ X
CESM2	✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X	✓✓✓	X X X	✓✓✓	✓✓ X
CNRM-CM6-1	X	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓ X
GISS-E2-1-G	✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X	✓ ✓ X	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓ X
GISS-E2-1-H	✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X	X X X	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓ X
IPSL-CM6A-LR	✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X	✓ X ✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓ X X
MIROC6	✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓ X ✓	X X X	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X
MRI-ESM2-0	✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	X X X	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓✓	✓✓ X

Table S2b: The non-radiative variables used and available for each model in Abrupt-4xCO₂, Abrupt-2xCO₂, and piControl respectively, from the CMIP6 data repository. () Note, areacello or the ocean cell area is constant across simulations.*

Model	Abrupt-4xCO2		Abrupt-2xCO2	
	λ [w/m ² /K]	ERF [w/m ²]	λ [w/m ² /K]	ERF [w/m ²]
CanESM5	-0.66	3.73	-0.76	3.53
CESM2	-0.63	3.32	-1.21	4.06
CNRM-CM6-1	-0.73	3.56	-0.78	3.27
GISS-E2-1-G	-1.45	3.91	-1.45	3.78
GISS-E2-1-H	-1.14	3.64	-1.27	3.76
IPSL-CM6A-LR	-0.77	3.53	-0.93	3.70
MIROC6	-1.46	3.71	-1.61	3.52
MRI-ESM2-0	-1.07	3.35	-1.40	3.48

Table S3: The parameters used to fit each CMIP6 model to the energy balance model.